



# Supporting someone you know

If you are reading this it's likely you know someone who has had a miscarriage, ectopic or molar pregnancy.

You may know the person who has experienced the physical loss, or you may be closer to her partner.

The support you can offer may depend on your relationship with the people involved. Family members, friends and colleagues may all offer different levels of support. Even if you don't know someone very well, acknowledging their loss and saying how sorry you are can make a big difference.

Sometimes it can be hard for partners to support each other too – especially if their feelings about the loss are different.

This leaflet has been written to help you find the right way to help the person you know, whoever you are and whatever your relationship with them.

Please note: miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy and molar pregnancy are different kinds of pregnancy loss. We sometimes talk about them separately in this leaflet but for ease, we tend to use the word 'miscarriage' to mean all three.

#### **Feelings**

This section explains a bit more about the feelings and experiences someone might have after miscarriage.

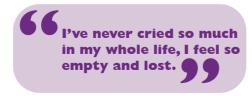
Not everyone feels the same way, but for many people, miscarriage is the loss of a baby, however early in the pregnancy it happens.

### How are they feeling?

People might feel any of these things:

- · Sad and tearful
- · Shocked and confused
- Numb
- Angry
- Jealous
- · Feeling a failure
- Guilty
- Empty
- Lonely
- Panicky
- Acceptance

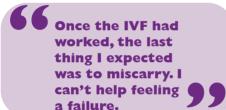
Some people experience panic attacks, flashbacks, nightmares and problems with sleep after their loss.



# What else might be happening?

They may:

- · be feeling exhausted and in pain
- have hospital or doctor's appointments they need to attend
- not be getting any other support.
   That can be true for partners too
- be worried about talking to their work or their manager about what they need right now
- feel that they have to put on a brave face and that they should be 'over it' by now
- find it difficult to be around people who are pregnant or who have children
- be trying to be strong for their partner
- be worried about the future –and more anxious in any future pregnancies



### What it might help to say

The most important thing you can do is to acknowledge what has happened. It doesn't have to be anything complicated or profound.

I'm sorry for your loss.
I'm not sure what to do or say but I am here and I am so sorry.
This must be really hard, I'm so sorry.
I'm here if you ever need to talk.

# What it usually doesn't help to say

These are some things you might think would help – but usually don't. They are usually things that try to look on the bright side or start with 'at least'. Most people feel this diminishes the importance of this loss and this baby.

You can always try again.
At least it was early on.
At least you can get pregnant.
It was probably for the best.
Everything happens for a reason.

You can find more suggestions at https://bit.ly/44zw3LO

### How can I help?

It can be hard to find the words to comfort someone who has experienced a miscarriage, ectopic or molar pregnancy. These are all things that people told us helped – or didn't help – them.



### What it might help to do

Some of these suggestions might be helpful.

### Find out more about pregnancy loss.

We have lots of information on our website that can help you understand what has happened. You could share this information and support with them too.

**Get in touch regularly** to see how they are doing. Let them know you're thinking of them.

#### Be sensitive about what you share.

Even quite a long time after a miscarriage, people may find it difficult to read or hear pregnancy announcements (for example, on social media or in work emails). It isn't always possible to avoid but it's something to bear in mind. It might help to send a message or talk to them privately first so they can prepare themselves.

**Send them a card**, flowers or something else to show that you are thinking of them. You might like to buy a specialist pregnancy loss card like the one we have on the Miscarriage Association's online shop: https://bit.ly/3UsjU7N and also available at Card Factory stores.

**Help them seek additional help**, if they want it – perhaps from their GP or a counselling service.

# **Share all or part of your own story**, if you have experienced something similar and feel comfortable doing so.

Be aware that they may be upset around the original due date or on the anniversary of the loss. Be there for them if you can.

Partners need support too. Our leaflet *Partners Too* has more information about how to help, and how partners can support each other.

Young people may be even more isolated. They may not have told their parents or carers about the pregnancy yet, let alone the loss. They may need someone to talk to and help them find the support they need.



# When helping is difficult

You may feel as if the person you're trying to support is not dealing with things in the way that you would, or that your experience was a lot worse. Try to be kind and accept that we all have different experiences that affect us in different ways. They are dealing with a difficult situation in the best way they can.

People often take difficult feelings out on the people they are close to and may behave in ways you find upsetting or hurtful. Try not to get angry - remind yourself that it's these emotions speaking right now, not them.

### **Specific situations**

# Pregnancy loss and the workplace

It's not unusual for someone to return to work soon after a loss. They might not have told their employer the real reason for their absence, or maybe they aren't receiving sick pay so can't afford to stay home.

Others might want to get back to a sense of 'normality' or they might feel pressured to return by a manager or their workload.

Even though they are back at work, they might still be experiencing both the physical and emotional symptoms of pregnancy loss. They may not be functioning at quite their usual level and might benefit from some adjustments or flexible working, if possible. The same consideration should be given to partners.

As well as our *Miscarriage and the Workplace* leaflet (see p 7), the Miscarriage Association has a free online hub of information for employers, HR and colleagues, including information on rights and responsibilities, talking about pregnancy loss and how to support a team member. Find out more at: https://bit.ly/44yvGkU

# Pregnancy and birth in family and friendship groups

People who experience pregnancy loss have to cope with family, friends and colleagues announcing pregnancies and having babies. Each time might be an upsetting reminder of their loss —or make them feel worse about their own situation.

This can be a difficult situation for everyone involved. If you are pregnant or have a new baby, you will understandably feel excited and want to share your news. But you may also feel guilty for upsetting them or feel hurt if they are avoiding you.

Remind yourself it's nothing personal. They don't want to have to avoid you. They are trying to cope with a lot of complicated emotions and probably feel guilty and sad they can't be happy for you. Things often get easier in time.

I withdrew from my best friend who got pregnant 4 months later. I still feel guilty about avoiding her during pregnancy.



#### **Recurrent loss**

People who experience more than one loss often tell us that they tend to get less support from friends and colleagues each time. This is often the very time they need it most. It can feel as if people don't know what to say any more.

You might find it useful to look at our leaflet *Recurrent miscarriage* to help you understand.

With each miscarriage, people were finding it more difficult to know what to say. They found it easier not to say anything...

### **Ectopic or molar pregnancy**

**Ectopic pregnancy** (a pregnancy developing in the wrong place) can be lifethreatening. The diagnosis and treatment can be very frightening and people may also worry about future pregnancies as well as grieving for their loss. You can read more about ectopic pregnancy on our website.

Molar pregnancy is uncommon and may be diagnosed weeks after what is thought to be a miscarriage. The beginning pregnancy doesn't develop, but a particular group of cells does and this needs specialist follow. People are also advised not to conceive until follow-up ends and this can add to their distress. You can read more about molar pregnancy on our website.

# Pregnancy loss and mental health

Some people find that pregnancy loss can cause, or worsen, mental health problems.

It may help to read (and share) our information on looking after your mental health during and after pregnancy loss: www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/your-feelings/your-mental-health/

### Looking after yourself

Your own wellbeing is important too. Supporting someone else may be more difficult if you are affected by the loss yourself, if you are pregnant or if you have had a loss in the past.

- Talk to someone you trust the Miscarriage Association can help you too.
- Make sure you take some time for yourself too – especially if you are providing a lot of support.
- Be kind to yourself especially if their experience brings back upsetting memories for you, or makes you feel guilty about your own pregnancy or baby.
- Give yourself time to grieve if the loss has affected you too.

### You can make a difference

Being there for someone who has experienced pregnancy loss isn't easy. You might feel as if nothing you can do or say will help. But kind words and thoughtful support can make a real difference to how people cope in the days, weeks and years after their loss.

### How the Miscarriage Association can help

It may be easier for your relative, friend or colleague to speak to someone they don't know. You may find it helpful too.

We can provide support, help and information. You can call our helpline, email us or chat with us online. We also have a range of Facebook support groups, an online forum and lots of information on our website.

#### **Useful reading**

The Miscarriage Association has a wide range of free leaflets which you can find at www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/leaflets

You might find the following titles particularly useful:

Your miscarriage
Miscarriage: the facts and your feelings
(our leaflet for young people)
Pregnancy after loss
Partners too
Miscarriage and the workplace
Looking after your mental health during
and after pregnancy loss
Recurrent miscarriage

#### Need to talk to someone who understands?

Call our support line on 01924 200799. Monday to Friday, 9am-4pm. Chat with us online at www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk. Or email info@miscarriageassociation.org.uk



The knowledge to help

## The Miscarriage Association

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