



# This leaflet is a summary of our information for employees and employers regarding people affected by miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy or molar pregnancy.

In it we highlight the key points to help everyone understand their rights and responsibilities. You'll find even more resources on our website at www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/workplace

# Information for employees

If you are reading this, you have probably experienced a miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy or molar pregnancy and would like to know more about your rights at work. We're really sorry for your loss.

You may have heard that, following our Leave for Every Loss campaign, the Government has committed to granting bereavement leave for women and their partners affected by pre-24-week pregnancy loss. While this is a very welcome development, it is not expected to come into effect until 2027. In the meantime, the following information is accurate and up-to-date.

# Your rights

### Time off

If you have experienced the physical loss and need sick leave after a miscarriage\* (for physical or mental health reasons), it should be recorded as pregnancy-related sickness. This means that it cannot be used against you in any way (for example as a reason to discipline you, refuse promotion or make you redundant).

You are able to self-certify that the leave is pregnancy-related for the first seven days. After this, you will need a GP or medical practitioner to give you a fit note to certify it is pregnancy-related. There is no limit on sickness absence after a miscarriage, so long as your GP or medical practitioner certifies it as pregnancy-related.

If you have been treated in hospital, you may be able to get this note from someone there. Otherwise, it might be a good idea to make an appointment with your GP (make an emergency appointment if needs be).

If you go back to work and then realise you need further time off, you should ask your GP to continue to certify it as pregnancy-related. Sadly, you may find some GPs are reluctant to do this. You could try to see another doctor or ask for a second opinion.

If you choose not to tell your employer about your miscarriage but you are off for longer than seven calendar days, then you will still need a fit note. You may be able to ask your doctor not to share detailed information with your employer — but this will mean that the time you have off is not protected as pregnancy-related.

#### **Partners**

If you are the partner of someone who has experienced a physical loss unfortunately you are not legally entitled to pregnancy-related leave or sickness absence.

Some workplaces will have provision for partners in a pregnancy loss policy, or may offer compassionate leave (paid or unpaid leave for emergency situations). Others may insist you take unpaid leave or use your holiday if you want to take time off.

<sup>\*</sup> For ease we often use the term 'miscarriage' to include miscarriage, ectopic and molar pregnancy.

### Self-employed

If you are self-employed, you may have the flexibility to choose when and how you go back to work. How much time you take off may depend on the people you're working for, your finances and your own worries about getting future work. It's worth bearing in mind that people may be more understanding than you think.

# A phased return

A phased return is where you return to work for reduced hours or different duties at first. Some people find this helps them get back into work, while others prefer to go back to normal immediately. You don't have an automatic right to a phased return but it's worth asking.

# Sick pay

Unfortunately, you are only entitled to the sick pay specified in your contract. For some people this may mean you are given time off on full pay, but others may only receive statutory sick pay (SSP).

If you are on a zero hours contract you should still get sick pay if you have earned enough over the previous months. Temporary and agency staff may still be eligible. Even if your employer says you are self-employed, you may still be entitled to sick pay.

The rules are complicated but Citizens Advice can help you understand what sick pay or other benefits you are entitled to.

Low or no sick pay may mean you are forced to return to work before you feel completely ready. Have a look at our information on going back to work after a miscarriage: see the online section 'Going back to work after a miscarriage.'

# Flexible working

Some people find flexibility or adjustments to their job can help them return to work more quickly.

You are entitled by law to reasonable adjustments to help you do your job if you have a disability – this includes mental health problems.

You are not legally entitled to reasonable adjustments for other reasons but your organisation may have a policy that outlines anything they can offer in terms of flexible working and adjustments.

It might be helpful to make a list of anything that might be difficult and what adjustments could help. You could discuss this with your manager at a return to work meeting or by email beforehand.



# **Confidentiality**

You have a right to keep your miscarriage private if you choose. Your manager should ask you what, if anything, you would like other people at work to know.

# Going back to work

Going back to work after a miscarriage might feel daunting. You may not be sure how you'll cope, how people will respond or what to say to colleagues about what happened.

We have more information online to help you return to working life. This includes preparing to return to work, difficult situations, challenging discrimination and making changes for the future: see the section 'Going back to work after a miscarriage.'

I'm returning to work next week and I am really nervous about what my colleagues and the team I manage are going to say and think.

I only told my line manager and two friends who work in other teams. I did not want everyone to know because I wanted there to be some normality in my life and I thought the workplace would provide a separate focus.

# Information for employers and HR

More than one in five pregnancies ends in miscarriage. Some people will experience recurrent miscarriages. Most workplaces have staff who have been or may be affected.

Miscarriage affects women and their partners in different ways. For many people it is felt as a bereavement, however early their loss happens. Thoughtful support and management can make a real difference to how people cope — and can enhance an employee's motivation and commitment<sup>1</sup>.

A lack of support can mean reduced productivity, lower standards of work, increased absence and even resignation.

It may help to share some of this information with your own manager or senior managers so they understand more about the decisions you are making and why.



# Understanding miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy and molar pregnancy

Understanding the physical and emotional impact of miscarriage, ectopic and molar pregnancy will help you offer support.

You can also read more detailed information on our website - see page 10 of this leaflet.

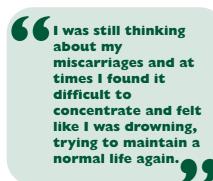
# How might a loss affect an employee at work?

Miscarriage affects people in different ways, but they may be:

- having difficulty sleeping.
- finding it difficult to concentrate or to feel motivated.
- · struggling with social interaction.
- · experiencing mood swings.
- feeling more tearful and/or irritable, and/or;
- finding it difficult to manage their mental health.

These feelings may affect their productivity or ability to manage in a work environment. Good communication will help you ensure the right support is put in place to help your employee manage their work alongside their recovery.

We have information online to help you talk about miscarriage in the workplace. This includes questions and responses that might help, offering options, sharing information and having ongoing conversations. See 'Talking about miscarriage' on page 10.



# Your responsibilities as an employer or manager

# Creating a supportive environment

There are things you and your organisation can do now to make it easier for you and any member of your workforce or team if and when they experience a loss. As well as having a good pregnancy loss policy or guidance, it's important to ensure you are approachable as a manager and have the knowledge to respond appropriately and offer the right support.

# Supporting employees during and immediately after a miscarriage

Once you are aware of a loss, it's important to acknowledge and say you're sorry.

Employees may prefer to keep things private or be worried about potential discrimination. At an appropriate point, ask them what they need – but be aware that they may not know immediately.

People who experience more than one loss often tell us that they tend to get less support each time. But this is often when they need it most and they may appreciate a simple acknowledgement of how difficult this must be.

### A miscarriage at work

Someone who begins to miscarry at work may have one or more of these symptoms:

- bleeding, which may be very heavy.
- abdominal pain which may be severe, and/or;
- feeling faint and even collapsing (this is most likely with an ectopic pregnancy which can be life-threatening).

They are likely to be upset, scared and embarrassed. They will need privacy, support and access to a toilet. They may need something to wrap around themselves if they are bleeding heavily.

They are likely to appreciate a taxi home or to hospital and someone to go with them or to call their partner. If they are very unwell, you may need to call an ambulance.

Reassure them that you will cover any work as needed. Until you know what they want to share, it may help to send a general email or message to colleagues —

for example, 'X has had to leave to deal with an emergency. We will let you know when they will be back at work but in the meantime, please pass on any work queries to Y'.

Someone who finds out that their partner is miscarrying is likely to want to leave work as soon as possible and this should be supported.



#### **Time off**

Many people, but not all, will need some time off work to recover physically and emotionally. Some will need a long time, while others choose to return to work reasonably quickly. Someone who returns to work after a short absence may need further leave at a later date.

Sometimes the physical recovery can take a long time, sometimes it can be emotional and/or mental health difficulties that are harder to cope with.

### Rights to leave

Sickness absence after a miscarriage is protected as pregnancy-related sickness. It should be recorded separately and must not be used against the employee, for example, for disciplinary or redundancy purposes or as part of an appraisal.

Your employee can self-certify for up to seven days as usual, noting that the absence is pregnancy-related. After that they will need to get a fit note from their GP or another medical professional. They may want to ask their GP to backdate a fit note to confirm that the leave is pregnancy-related.

Some employers think that an employee can only take two weeks of pregnancy-related sickness following a miscarriage. This is not the case. It is up to the employee's GP or other health professional to advise on time off work following a miscarriage and whether the sickness is related to pregnancy or miscarriage.

Employers who do not adhere to these rules risk being in breach of discrimination laws and could open themselves to legal action.

Employees will be entitled to any sick pay they are usually entitled to.

Partners are not entitled to pregnancyrelated sickness absence, even though they might be equally affected by the loss. They may find a period of compassionate leave helpful.

Before my return my manager met me for lunch and took me into the workplace so I did not feel overwhelmed.

### While/if they are off work

Stay in touch – but try not to add pressure to return to work before they feel ready.

Send them our online information for employees – they are likely to appreciate it even if they have already seen it.

Ask them what they would like colleagues to know and if they would like you to send an email or share more information.

If they are happy for colleagues to know, you might like to send flowers from the team or sign a card, such as those available from the Miscarriage Association.

Ask whether there is anything you can do to make things easier for them – for example, waiving a requirement to call in every day or seeking confirmation from HR that sick leave will be recorded as pregnancy-related.

# Supporting their return to work

Returning to work after a miscarriage can be overwhelming. They may feel anxious about what colleagues will say or uncertain about returning to 'normal' life while no longer pregnant.

Miscarriage isn't always easy to leave in the past. Feelings of grief, anger, jealousy, guilt or sadness can come sometimes without warning, long after the miscarriage itself.

We have more information online about how to manage an employee's return to work and further support that might be needed – see page 10.

### A miscarriage policy

Managers and employees have told us they feel more comfortable when everyone's rights and responsibilities are clear.

A policy (or guidance note) can formalise existing practice and ensure there is consistency when staff members change. It can also help make miscarriage less taboo and ensure people feel more able to ask for support.

The policy could be part of a larger document on pregnancy loss, including miscarriage, ectopic and molar pregnancy, and also termination and stillbirth. Be aware that the legal situation for a loss before and after 24 weeks is quite different.

A significant number of companies and organisations are now rolling out pregnancy loss policies, many of them using the Miscarriage Association's guidance, which is available in the HR section of our online resources. You can also read more about how individual companies went about it in our Case Studies section.

## **Training and consultancy**

The Miscarriage Association offers bespoke training and consultancy services for employers wishing to develop a pregnancy loss policy or guidance and/or to provide training for line managers. See our website or contact info@miscarriageassociation.org.uk to find out more.

### The Pregnancy Loss Pledge

Our Pregnancy Loss Pledge campaign commits employers to taking a series of measures to support employees at this difficult time. These include having a policy or guidance in place, offering flexibility where possible and ensuring line managers have access to guidance or training. More than a million employees are now covered by this pledge. Find out more and get involved at www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/pregnancylosspledge



# **Useful links**

### The Miscarriage Association

Visit our workplace hub for more information for employers, managers, employees and colleagues: www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/workplace.

It includes information on rights and responsibilities, supporting an employee or colleague after a loss, talking about miscarriage in the workplace, guidance for line managers and a free policy template.

### **Training and consultancy**

Visit our website to find out more about how we can help support employers to produce a pregnancy loss policy or guidance and our training offer.

### How else we help

The Miscarriage Association offers free support and information to anyone affected by miscarriage, ectopic pregnancy or molar pregnancy.

We offer a staffed helpline and live chat service, email and direct messaging, online and in-person peer support groups, an online forum and private Facebook groups.

You can find out more about these services have how to access them on our website www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk/how-we-help/our-support-services/

Our direct support services are available on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday from 9am to 4pm, and on Wednesdays and Fridays from 9am to 8pm.

# **Useful organisations**

#### **ACAS**

acas.org.uk 0300 123 1100

Open Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm

Free impartial advice for employers and employees

#### ARC

Antenatal Results and Choices arc-uk.org 020 7713 7486 Information and support through antenatal diagnosis and its consequences

### Citizens Advice Bureau

citizensadvice.org.uk

Free and confidential advice on benefits, work, and family

### **Ectopic Pregnancy Trust**

ectopic.org.uk 020 7733 2653

Information and support for ectopic pregnancy

## **Maternity Action**

maternityaction.org.uk

Information on rights and benefits around pregnancy, pregnancy loss and maternity

### Mind

mind.org.uk

Information on mental health support including Wellness Action Plans and reducing stress at work

### Sands

sands.org.uk 0808 164 3332

helpline@sands.org.uk

Information and support for stillbirth and neonatal death

## **Working families**

workingfamilies.org.uk 0300 012 0312

Advice for working families via website and helpline



The knowledge to help

# The Miscarriage Association

T: 0303 003 6464

**E**: info@miscarriageassociation.org.uk **W**: www.miscarriageassociation.org.uk

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